## **DTCC** *Important Notice* The Depository Trust Company

B #:	19519-24	
Date:	March 7, 2024	
То:	All Participants	
Category:	Tax Relief, Distributions	
From:	International Services	
Attention:	Operations, Reorg & Dividend Managers, Partners & Cashiers	
Subject:	Tax Relief Country:ITALYSecurity:INTESA SANPAOLO S.p.A.CUSIP:46115HBJ5 46115HBL0 46115HBN6Record Date:03/08/2024Payable Date:03/23/2024Quick Refund Open Date:Payable DateCA Web Instruction Deadline:03/25/20248:00 PM (E.T.)	

Participants can use DTC's Corporate Actions Web (CA Web) service to certify all, or a portion of their position entitled to the applicable withholding tax rate. Participants are urged to consult TaxInfo before certifying their instructions over CA Web.

All holders will be paid less 26% withholding under the following CA ID#(s):

CA ID # 142748965 on CUSIP 46115HBJ5 CA ID # 142749043 on CUSIP 46115HBL0 CA ID # 142749065 on CUSIP 46115HBN6

Eligible holders who comply with the tax certification procedures have the possibility to obtain a quick refund of the remaining 26% withholding by electing in CA Web under the following CA ID#(s) payable on PD+1:

CA ID # 142748973 on CUSIP 46115HBJ5 CA ID # 142749044 on CUSIP 46115HBL0 CA ID # 142749070 on CUSIP 46115HBN6

Important: Prior to certifying tax withholding instructions, participants are urged to read, understand and comply with the information in the Legal Conditions category found on TaxInfo over the CA Web.

DTCC offers enhanced access to all important notices via a Web-based subscription service. The notification system leverages RSS Newsfeeds, providing significant benefits including real-time updates and customizable delivery. To learn more and to set up your own DTCC RSS alerts, visit <u>http://www.dtcc.com/subscription\_form.php</u>.

# \*\*\*Please read this Important Notice fully to ensure that the self-certification document is sent to the agent by the indicated deadline\*\*\*

Questions regarding this Important Notice may be directed to Acupay at +1 212-422-1222.

**Important Legal Information**: The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") does not represent or warrant the accuracy, adequacy, timeliness, completeness or fitness for any particular purpose of the information contained in this communication, which is based in part on information obtained from third parties and not independently verified by DTC and which is provided as is. The information contained in this communication is not intended to be a substitute for obtaining tax advice from an appropriate professional advisor. In providing this communication, DTC shall not be liable for (1) any loss resulting directly or indirectly from mistakes, errors, omissions, interruptions, delays or defects in such communication, unless caused directly by gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of DTC, and (2) any special, consequential, exemplary, incidental or punitive damages. To ensure compliance with Internal Revenue Service Circular 230, you are hereby notified that: (a) any discussion of federal tax issues contained or referred to herein is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed under the Internal Revenue Code; and (b) as a matter of policy, DTC does not provide tax, legal or accounting advice and accordingly, you should consult your own tax, legal and accounting advisor before engaging in any transaction.



# INTESA m SANPAOLO

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. (as issuer), Citibank, N.A., acting through its New York office (as receipt issuer), Citibank, N.A., London Branch (as receipt paying agent) and Acupay System LLC (Acupay, as tax certification agent) are distributing this notice with regard to the below-described 144A receipts, representing the issuer's notes (the notes). Interest and related income on the notes and receipts are subject to Italian substitute tax ("Italian Substitute Tax"), from which all beneficial owners tax resident in a "White List" country (which maintain no permanent establishment in Italy) and central banks of all nations, and supranational organizations recognized by Italy, are exempt, subject to certain procedural conditions. The issuer has arranged with Acupay and Monte Titoli S.p.A. (Monte Titoli) to provide an automated tax processing platform to assist eligible investors to receive exempt treatment on the U.S. receipts. This notice describes the operation of the tax processing platform.

Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A.

Issuer:	By Citibank N.A., acting through its New York office, as Receipt Issuer for the Rule 144A Global Receipts			
Security Type:	Unsubordinated I			
••••••		46115HBJ5 / US46115HBJ59 ("GRO	DSS" CUSIP / ISIN)	
	Notes due 2024	•	46115HBK2 / US46115HBK23 ("NET" CUSIP / ISIN)	
		46115HBL0 / US46115HBL06 ("GR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CUSIPs / ISINs:	Notes due 2029	Notes due 2029 46115HBM8 / US46115HBM88 ("NET" CUSIP / ISIN)		
	A	46115HBN6 / US46115HBN61 ("GF		
	Notes due 2049	46115HBP1 / US46115HBP10 ("NE	· ·	
	Italy (Legislative D	Decree No. 239 of 1 April 1996 or any	secondary legislation implementing the same,	
Country Tax Pogimo	each as amended	l and/or supplemented from time to	time). Tax is computed for each day of	
Country Tax Regime:			mpliant exempt investors who follow the	
	procedures hereir			
Next Record Date:	March 8, 2024 (Fr	-		
Next Payment Date:	-	Sat), with funds to be disbursed on I	March 25, 2024 (Mon)	
	Notes due 2024	3.250%		
Interest Rates:	Notes due 2029	4.000%		
		4.700%		
	0% (exempt) with certification and procedural compliance.			
Tax Rates:		<b>26%</b> <u>without</u> certification or procedural compliance computed for each day of ownership from the settlement date of purchase until the settlement date of sale or transfer.		
		•		
1:	Per-Settlement Rep	oorting: Participants must report to Acup	pay all daily beneficial owner changes.	
	Acupay Opens:	September 25, 2023 (Mon) 9:00 AM	Acupay System remains available <u>continuously</u>	
2:	owner listed, but m		<b>Confirmation:</b> Valid indefinitely for each beneficial custodian bank or beneficial owner upon the first ted via the Acupay System.	
Tax Relief Requirements	Acupay Opens:	September 25, 2023 (Mon) 9:00 AM	Acupay System remains available <u>continuously</u>	
3:		Payment-Date Instructions: Prior to eacher s of close of business on the night befor	ch interest payment date, reflecting properly e interest payment date.	
	Acupay Opens:	September 25, 2023 (Mon) 9:00 AM	Acupay Deadline: March 25, 2024 (Mon) 8:00 PM	
	CA Web Instruction Opens:	March 25, 2024 (Mon) 9:00 AM	CA Web Instruction March 25, 2024 (Mon) 8:00 PM Deadline:	

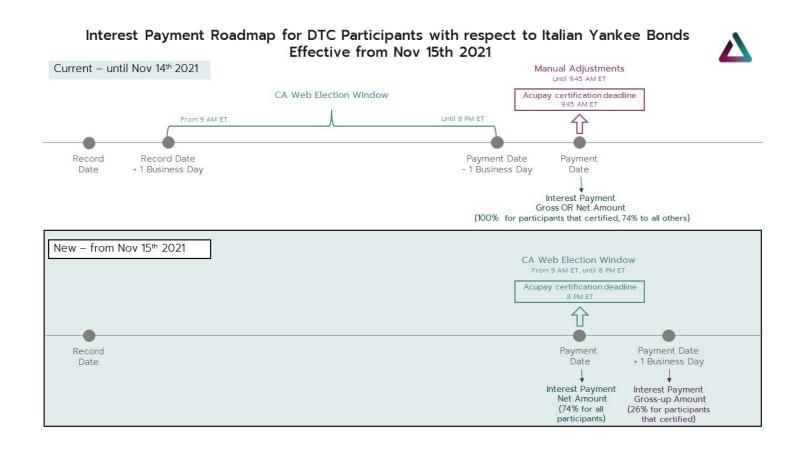
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### The information in this important notice is organized as follows:

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### **DTC Relief-At-Source Process Change**

Please be advised that as of November 15, 2021, DTC will no longer process tax relief at source on distributions that are processed with DTC's interim accounting process. This process change applies to all securities that are processed with DTC's interim accounting process (e.g., bonds and large equity distributions). More can be read in the notification released by the DTCC at: <u>https://www.dtcc.com/-/media/Files/pdf/2021/8/12/15494-21.pdf</u>.



## Synopsis:

- Pursuant to Italian Legislative Decree n. 239 dated April 1, 1996, income (including interest) derived from the receipts by:
  - non-Italian <u>beneficial owners resident</u> for tax purposes in a country which allows for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy (the "<u>White List</u>" see Annex A);
  - central banks of all nations (see Annex A); and
  - <u>supranational organizations</u> like the World Bank, the U.N. and other such organizations recognized by Italy (see Annex A);

<u>will not</u> be subject to Italian Substitute Tax <u>unless</u> the beneficial owner and/or its DTC Participant fails to comply with the relevant tax residency certification and position reporting procedures as described below.

- Beneficial owners or their authorized representatives (including DTC Participants) must sign a ONE-TIME self-certification form contemporaneously with their first purchase of any of the receipts.
- Each self-certification form will be kept on file for 10+ years in the Acupay CORE<sup>1</sup> Library<sup>™</sup> where its image can be viewed by the relevant DTC Participant and the local withholding agent, Monte Titoli, through an Acupay System secure portal. Forms must be updated to reflect changes to client information.
- If all of the procedures laid out in this notice (and the related offering memorandum) are followed properly, a signed and confirmed self-certification form will be able to support <u>ongoing exemption</u> from Italian Substitute Tax on both current and future purchases of the receipts.
- To receive exempt treatment for its beneficial owner clients each DTC Participant is required to:
  - Provide and continually update, via the Acupay System, a complete and accurate <u>record of the</u> <u>settlement of each transaction</u> resulting in a change to the beneficial owner's holdings in the receipts; and
  - Ensure that a valid <u>self-certification form</u> for each such beneficial owner is <u>on file with Acupay</u>.

#### If either of these two conditions is not met:

- The corresponding position in the "GROSS"-paying CUSIP (or "X Receipt"), after a warning and cure period, will be subject to a <u>procedure of mandatory exchange</u> into an alternate "NET"-paying CUSIP (or "N receipt").
  - Interest on such exchanged position will be paid NET of Italian Substitute Tax for the period commencing on the settlement date of the acquisition of the related N receipts, and continuing to, but not including, the sooner to occur of (a) the settlement date of the disposal of the related N receipts or (b) the redemption date of the N receipts.
  - The N receipt position will be chilled in DTC and unable to be transferred via DTC unless such position is transferred upon compliance with the applicable transfer and exchange procedures, including, without limitation, payment of the Italian Substitute Tax on any interest, including any original issue discount, accrued, but not yet paid, until the settlement date of a prospective transfer, as more fully described in the offering memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Certificate of Residence Eligible (CORE)

- The holder of a non-exempt position will be required to pay Italian Substitute Tax for the period when such position was held in an X receipt. A tax payment request will be submitted through the relevant DTC Participant.
- The Acupay Italian Tax Compliance and Relief Procedures contained in Appendix B to the offering memorandum dated September 12, 2019 and the Italian "White List" Countries and lists of Supranational Entities and Central Banks are available at <u>www.acupay.com/italy</u>.

## Procedure (A): Continuing Settlement Date "Position Updates"

- 1) To receive exempt treatment, the relevant DTC Participant (or a downstream correspondent maintaining a holding with a DTC Participant) must follow the steps below:
  - A. On or prior to 9:45 AM New York time on the <u>first New York Business Day after each settlement date</u> of each and every transaction that results in either a positive or a negative change in beneficial holdings at the Participant in the CUSIP (either for a customer account, or the firm's own position), each DTC Participant must transmit a report of each settled transaction through the Acupay System. Settlement reports must be submitted for all transaction types, including buys, sells, free-deliveries and free-receives.
  - B. The Acupay System will indicate in real-time whether or not a self-certification form is already on-file in the Acupay CORE Library<sup>™</sup> for each beneficial owner whose position is being increased. DTC Participants are able to view self-certification forms currently on file for their clients through their Acupay System account.
  - C. If, on submission of new transaction settlement data, the Acupay System indicates that one or more related beneficial owners do not already have a valid self-certification form on file, the system will support the electronic production of a self-certification form for the relevant beneficial owners and a KYC confirmation document.
    - i. Self-certification forms and KYC confirmation documents must be prepared online through the facilities of Acupay (<u>www.acupaysystem.com</u> for DTC Participants) and must contain an official Acupay bar code.
    - ii. Once prepared via the Acupay System, self-certification forms and related KYC confirmations should be printed, reviewed and (if accurate and correct) signed by the eligible beneficial owner or its authorized representative expressly on behalf of each eligible beneficial owner.<sup>2</sup>
    - iii. The Acupay System automatically generates relevant certification text for each type of beneficial investor, including for partnerships and other tax transparent entities.<sup>3</sup> Instructions and help-keys are available within the Acupay System. Assistance via email or by telephone is also available free-of-charge from the Acupay teams in New York and London at the contact details provided at the end of this notice.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It is required that every self-certification be confirmed by a custodial intermediary using "Know Your Customer" principles. <sup>3</sup> There will be no need to supply information about the partners of many forms of collective investment partnerships, so long as the partnerships are established in "White List" countries and are not maintained for the purpose of principally targeting Italian resident investors.

NOTE: Self-certification forms will generally remain valid indefinitely for all of the Italian receipts serviced by Acupay in which the beneficial owner may acquire a beneficial ownership interest and hold through an account in relation to which a self-certification has already been received. However, prompt updates must be made should the investor's information change.

- D. <u>Transmit via fax or PDF/email via the Acupay System</u> (to the email address or fax numbers indicated in the Acupay System) the completed and signed <u>self-certification form (and KYC confirmation document)</u> for receipt no later than 9:45 AM New York time on the first New York business day after the <u>settlement date of each beneficial owner's first purchase or secondary of any receipts</u>. Electronic copies of all self-certification forms will be retained by Acupay for a period of time that is not less than ten years following the last day of the calendar year in which the note (underlying the relevant receipt) remains unpaid and outstanding.
- E. Send via post or courier to Acupay each original, signed self-certification form and KYC confirmation document that was previously faxed or emailed. The original paper, signed documents MUST be received by Acupay by no later than 5:00 PM London time on the 10th calendar day of the month following the settlement date of the eligible beneficial owner's first purchase or secondary purchase of interests in the receipts occurs (or if such day is not a London Business Day, the first London Business Day immediately preceding such day) at the following address:

Acupay System LLC Certifications Attn: Maria Corona Unit 3, 1st Floor, Cosmopolitan House 10A Christina Street London EC2A 4PA United Kingdom

The self-certification form will remain valid indefinitely for all receipts representing notes that the beneficial owner may accept a beneficial ownership interest in from time to time. However, beneficial owners are required to promptly update their certification, should their eligible status or details change.

NOTE: A DTC Participant that obtains exemption from Italian Substitute Tax and fails to provide to Acupay the original self-certification form and KYC confirmation document by the above-indicated deadline may be prohibited from using the CA Web / Tax Relief and related procedures to obtain favorable tax treatment for current and future interest payments on all of the receipts held through such DTC Participant. In such event, the DTC Participant would receive the interest payments on the entire position held on behalf of all beneficial owner clients net of the Italian Substitute Tax and relief would need to be obtained directly from the Italian tax authorities, in accordance with Italian law.

2) RESULTS OF FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE PROCEDURES. If the beneficial owner or its DTC Participant fails to comply with the above procedures, the related position will be subject to a <u>MANDATORY</u> <u>EXCHANGE</u> into the alternate N receipt which will be paid net of Italian Substitute Tax for the period commencing on the settlement date of the acquisition of the related N receipts, and continuing to the sooner to occur of (a) the settlement date of the disposal of the related N receipts and (b) the redemption date of the N receipts, and chilled from transfer via DTC. This status will continue until and unless such

position is transferred in compliance with the applicable transfer and exchange procedures laid out in the offering memorandum for the securities, including, without limitation, payment of the Italian Substitute Tax on any interest (including OID) accrued but not yet paid, until the settlement date of a prospective transfer.

- A. A DTC Participant holding a receipt position for which a MANDATORY EXCHANGE is required would receive a Mandatory Exchange Warning Notice and (if the problem is not cured) a *Mandatory Exchange Notice* from the receipt issuer, or the receipt paying agent, on its behalf instructing such Participant to undertake:
  - (i) a DWAC withdrawal operation prior to 11:30 AM New York time on the Exchange Deadline of the indicated X receipt position, and
  - (ii) a corresponding DWAC deposit operation for the alternate N receipt.
- B. The Mandatory Exchange Notice may (if appropriate) include a Tax Liability Amount Payment Request, specifying the Tax Liability Amount accrued (if any) by the Non-Eligible Beneficial Owner of such X receipt from the date of acquisition until the Exchange Deadline. Such amount (if any) must be paid prior to 9:00 AM New York City time on the 10th day of the calendar month immediately following the date of the related payment request.

In the event that a Tax Liability Amount is not transmitted in full by 9:00 AM New York City time on the 10th day of the calendar month immediately following the date of the related payment request, the relevant DTC Participant acknowledges and agrees that, following a claim for the recovery of such amount made by Monte Titoli, or at the option of Monte Titoli, by the receipt issuer, or the receipt paying agent on its behalf, following written instructions received from Monte Titoli, to DTC, such DTC Participant's DTC account shall be debited in accordance with the published rules and procedures of DTC's CA Web/Tax Relief (as defined in the Tax Certification Procedures).

- C. In the event that an electronic report of the completion of the DWAC described in paragraph 2.A.i., has not been received by the receipt issuer, or the receipt paying agent on its behalf, through the facilities of DTC by the Exchange Deadline, the receipt issuer, or the receipt paying agent on its behalf, shall promptly thereafter send a notice to the relevant DTC Participant indicating that such DTC Participant will receive interest payments on the entire position in the X receipts held by such DTC Participant, net of the applicable Italian Substitute Tax, and relief would thereafter need to be obtained directly from the Italian tax authorities following the direct refund procedure established by Italian law.
- D. A DTC Participant that was the subject of a *Mandatory Exchange Notice* and failed to complete the required DWACs may be <u>prohibited</u> from using CA Web/Tax Relief and associated procedures to obtain favorable tax treatment for current and future interest payments on all Intesa receipts held through such DTC Participant.

## Procedure (B): Payment-Date Processing via CA Web/Tax Relief

DTC Participants holding positions on behalf of tax exempt beneficial owners for whom confirmed selfcertification forms are on file must make corresponding CA Web/Tax Relief Instructions requesting the favorable (exempt) tax rate on behalf of the aggregate position of such beneficial owners prior to each interest payment date in order to receive interest free of the Italian Substitute Tax. Beginning at 9:00 AM New York City time on the interest payment date, and continuing until 8:00 PM New York City time on the interest payment date, DTC Participants must make CA Web/Tax Relief Instructions representing the portion of the notes held on behalf of properly self-certified beneficial owners whose note holdings and related trade settlements have been reported via the Acupay System, in accordance with the steps laid out below:

- All CA Web Instructions for favorable tax treatment MUST be supported with valid self-certification forms which are on file with Acupay by the time the CA Web Instruction is made.
- DTC Participants must ensure that CA Web Instructions entered into DTC, beneficial owner trade settlement data, and self-certification forms maintained in the Acupay System are synchronized and updated to reflect any changes to beneficial ownership occurring up to 8:00 PM New York City time on the New York Business Day before each interest payment date.
- If, at 9:45 AM New York City time on the New York Business Day after the interest payment date, there are **any inconsistencies** between the Participant's beneficial owner information and self-certification forms supplied and confirmed via Acupay, such Participant's CA Web Instructions, and its position at DTC, the Participant will be paid **net of the Italian Substitute Tax** on its <u>entire position</u> held at DTC.
- If, at 9:45 AM New York City time on the New York Business Day after the interest payment date, a
  Participant's Acupay certifications do not match their favorable CA Web Instructions, their Instructions will
  be adjusted to the unfavorable rate. Please note that an adjustment for ANY Participant after the CA Web
  Instruction deadline will delay the payment of tax relief funds for ALL Participants by 1 Business Day.

# NOTE: Participants using these CA Web / Tax Relief procedures via Acupay and Monte Titoli to obtain tax relief for themselves or their clients must agree that:

The Participant will immediately return to the Italian withholding agent (Monte Titoli S.p.A), any funds erroneously received as a result of an improper CA Web Instruction or an improper request for tax exemption, or through a fraudulent submission of one or more trade settlement reports or self-certification forms submitted by the Participant via the Acupay System in support of such requests or instructions. In addition, the Participant agrees to pay any interest, fines, FX losses, additions to tax or penalties thereon.

As a condition of requesting tax exemption through these procedures, the Participant agrees that Monte Titoli S.p.A. (or the receipt issuer, or the receipt paying agent on its behalf) may instruct DTC to effect a chargeback arising from the Participant's receipt of funds which results from an improper CA Web Instruction or an improper request for tax exemption, or from a fraudulent submission of one or more self-certification forms or trade settlement reports by the Participant via the Acupay System. DTC is authorized by the Participant to effect such chargeback and the Participant agrees to such debit of its account to satisfy such chargeback.

### Direct refunds from the Italian tax authorities:

Beneficial owners entitled to exemption from the Italian Substitute Tax who have not (through their actions, or the actions of their agents) timely followed the tax certification procedure as described herein, and therefore have been subject to the imposition and collection of the Italian Substitute Tax, may request a full refund of the amount that has been collected directly from the Italian tax authorities.

Beneficial owners have up to the time period allowed pursuant to Italian law (currently, a maximum of 48 months as of the relevant interest payment date) to claim the amount withheld and paid to the Italian treasury by filing with the Italian tax authorities (i) the relevant Italian tax form, (ii) proof of beneficial ownership and related withholding of Italian Substitute Tax and (iii) a Government Tax Residency Certificate. Beneficial owners should consult their tax advisors on the procedures required under Italian tax law to recoup the Italian Substitute Tax in these circumstances.

Investors with questions about obtaining a direct refund should contact the Acupay team.

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## No Tax Relief Processing Fees by Acupay:

**No** tax relief processing fees will be charged by Acupay to beneficial owners or custodians / intermediaries for the tax relief procedures described on pages 1 to 7 of this document.

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## **Further Information and Contacts:**

Questions regarding any aspect of the Intesa receipts or these procedures should be directed to Amanda Milito in New York at +1-212-422-1222 / <u>amilito@acupay.com</u> or Maria Corona in London at +44-207-382-0340 / <u>mcorona@acupay.com</u>.

# Italian "White List" Countries And Lists of Supranational Entities and Central Banks

(Identified by Acupay System LLC as of September 25, 2023)

In order to qualify as eligible to receive Interest, free from Italian Substitute Tax, among other things, Noteholders must be resident, for tax purposes, in, or be "institutional investors" established in, a country which the Italian government identifies as allowing for a satisfactory exchange of information with Italy (the "White List States"). Subject to certain limited exceptions, such as for Central Banks (see list below) and supranational bodies established in accordance with international agreements in force in Italy (see list below), this residency requirement applies to all ultimate holders of Notes, including ultimate beneficiaries of Interest payments under the Notes holding via sub-accounts, to which interests in the Notes may be allocated upon purchase, or thereafter. As of September 25, 2023, the White List nations included the following states:

	White	List States	
Albania	Czech Republic	Liechtenstein	Serbia
Alderney (Channel Islands)	Denmark	Lithuania	Seychelles
Algeria	Ecuador	Luxembourg	Singapore
Andorra, Principality of	Egypt	Macedonia	Sint Maarten
Anguilla, The Island of	Estonia	Malaysia	Slovak Republic
Argentina	Ethiopia	Malta	Slovenia
Armenia	Faroe Islands	Mauritius	South Africa
Aruba	Finland	Mexico	Korea, Republic of
Australia	France	Moldova	Spain
Austria	Georgia	Monaco, Principality of	Sri Lanka
Azerbaijan	Germany	Montenegro	Sweden
Bangladesh	Ghana	Montserrat	Switzerland
Barbados, The Island of	Gibraltar	Morocco	Syria
Belarus	Greece	Mozambique	Tajikistan
Belgium	Greenland	Nauru, Republic of	Taiwan
Belize	Guernsey (Channel Islands)	Netherlands	Tanzania
Bermuda Islands, The	Herm (Channel Islands)	New Zealand	Thailand
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Holy See (Vatican City State)	Nigeria	Trinidad and Tobago
Brazil	Hong Kong	Niue	Tunisia
British Virgin Islands	Hungary	Norway	Turkey
Bulgaria	Iceland	Oman	Turkmenistan
Cameroon	India	Pakistan	Turks and Caicos Islands
Canada	Indonesia	Philippines	Uganda
Cayman Islands	Ireland	Poland	Ukraine
Chile	Isle of Man	Portugal	United Arab Emirates
China	Israel	Qatar	United Kingdom
Colombia	Japan	Romania	United States of America
Congo, Republic of	Jersey (Channel Islands)	Russian Federation	Uruguay
Cook Islands	Jordan	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Uzbekistan
Costa Rica	Kazakhstan	Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	Venezuela
Cote d'Ivoire	Kuwait	Samoa	Vietnam
Croatia	Kyrgyzstan	San Marino	Zambia
Curaçao	Latvia	Saudi Arabia	
Cyprus	Lebanon	Senegal	

#### is as of September 25, 2023

#### Please check the Acupay website for updates to this list.

The White List is subject to continuing changes in accordance with official actions by the government of Italy. Acupay has made arrangements to monitor these changes and will publish its findings on its website. Acupay currently expects to update this website monthly on the first calendar day of each month, to report changes to the White List which have come to the attention of Acupay through and including the 21st calendar day of the preceding month. In the event that the list appearing on the Acupay website is different from the official list maintained by the government of Italy, the government list will naturally govern.

-	List of Supranational Bodies established in accordance with international agreements in force in Italy		
African Development Bank	International Institute of Technology and Management (IIMT)		
African Development Fund (ADF)	International Maritime Organization (IMSO)		
Asian Development Bank	International Telecommunications Satellite Organization (INTELSAT)		
Bank for International Settlements (BIS)	Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA)		
Caribbean Development Bank (CDB)	Multinational Force and Observers (MFO)		
Council of Europe	Nature Inspired Cooperative Strategies for Optimization (N.I.C.S.O.)		
European Atomic Energy Community (EURATOM)	North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)		
European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)		
European Commission (EC)	United Nations (UN)		
European Company for the Financing of Railroad Rolling Stock	United Nations: Food and Agriculture Organization of the		
(EUROFIMA)	United Nations (FAO)		
European Investment Bank (EIB)	United Nations: International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD )		
European Southern Observatory (ESO)	United Nations: International Centre for Settlements of Investment Disputes (ICSID)		
European Space Agency (ESA)	United Nations: International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)		
European Space Research Organisation (ESRO)	United Nations: International Development Association (IDA )		
European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT)	United Nations: International Finance Corporation (IFC)		
European Union (EU)	United Nations: International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)		
European University Institute (EUI)	United Nations: International Labour Organization (ILO)		
International Finance Corporation (IFC)	United Nations: International Maritime Organization (IMO)		
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)	United Nations: International Monetary Fund (IMF)		
Inter-American Development Bank (El BID)	United Nations: International Telecommunication Union (ITU)		
Inter-American investment corporation (IIC)	United Nations: Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA )		
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	United Nations: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)		
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)	United Nations: United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)		
International Centre for Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (ICGEB)	United Nations: Universal Postal Union (UPU)		
International Centre for the Study of the Preservation and Restoration of Cultural Property (ICCROM)	United Nations: World Health Organization (WHO )		
International Development Association (IDA)	United Nations: World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)		
International Funds for Mediterranean Agronomics Education	United Nations: World Meteorological Organization (WMO)		
International Institute for the Unification of Private Law (UNIDROIT)	United Nations: World Tourism Organization (WTO)		

List is as of September 25, 2023

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List of Central Banks		
List is Dated as of September 25, 2023		
Country Central Bank Name		
Afghanistan	Bank of Afghanistan	
Albania	The Bank of Albania	
Algeria	Bank of Algeria	
Angola	National Bank of Angola	
Anguilla	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	
Antigua and Barbuda	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	
Argentina	Central Bank of Argentina	
Armenia	Central Bank of Armenia (CBA)	
Aruba	Central Bank of Aruba	
Australia	Reserve Bank of Australia	
Austria	Central Bank of Austria	
Azerbaijan	Central Bank of the Republic of Azerbaijan	
Bahamas	Central Bank of The Bahamas	
Bahrain	Central Bank of Bahrain	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bank	
Barbados	Central Bank of Barbados	
Belarus	National Bank of the Republic of Belarus	
Belgium	National Bank of Belgium	
Belize	Central Bank of Belize	
Benin	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Bermuda Islands, The	Bermuda Monetary Authority	
Bhutan	Royal Monetary Authority of Bhutan	
Bolivia	Central Bank of Bolivia	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	The Central Bank of Bosnia and Herzegovina (CBBH)	
Botswana	Bank of Botswana	
Brazil	Central Bank of Brazil	
Brunei Darussalam	The Brunei Currency and Monetary Board (BCMB)	
Bulgaria	Bulgarian National Bank (BNB)	
Burkina Faso	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Burundi	Bank of the Republic of Burundi	
Cambodia	National Bank of Cambodia	
Cameroon	Bank of Central African States	
Canada	Bank of Canada	
Cape Verde	The Bank of Cape Verde	
Cayman Islands	Cayman Islands Monetary Authority	
Central African Republic	Bank of Central African States	
Chad	Bank of Central African States	
Chile	Central Bank of Chile	
China	The People's Bank of China	
Colombia	Bank of the Republic	
Comoros	Central Bank of Comoros	
Congo, Democratic Republic of	Central Bank of the Congo	

List of Central Banks		
List is Dated as of September 25, 2023		
Congo, Republic of	Bank of Central African States	
Costa Rica	Central Bank of Costa Rica	
Cote d'Ivoire	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Croatia	Croatian National Bank	
Cuba	Central Bank of Cuba	
Curaçao	Central Bank of Curaçao and Sint Maarten	
Cyprus	Central Bank of Cyprus	
Czech Republic	Czech National Bank	
Denmark	National Bank of Denmark	
Djibouti	The Central Bank of Djibouti	
Dominica	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	
Dominican Rep.	Central Bank of the Dominican Republic	
Ecuador	Central Bank of Ecuador	
Egypt	Central Bank of Egypt	
El Salvador	Central Reserve Bank of El Salvador	
Equatorial Guinea	Bank of Central African States	
Eritrea	The Bank of Eritrea	
Estonia	Bank of Estonia	
Ethiopia	National Bank of Ethiopia	
Fiji	Reserve Bank of Fiji	
Finland	Bank of Finland	
France	Bank of France	
Gabon	Bank of Central African States	
Gambia	Central Bank of The Gambia	
Georgia	National Bank of Georgia	
Germany	The Deutsche Bundesbank	
Ghana	Bank of Ghana	
Greece	Bank of Greece	
Grenada	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	
Guatemala	Bank of Guatemala	
Guinea	The Central Bank of the Republic of Guinea	
Guinea-Bissau	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Guyana	Bank of Guyana	
Haiti	Central Bank of Haiti	
Holy See (Vatican City State)	Administration of the Patrimony of the Apostolic See	
Honduras	Central Bank of Honduras	
Hong Kong	Hong Kong Monetary Authority	
Hungary	The Magyar Nemzeti Bank	
Iceland	Central Bank of Iceland	
India	Reserve Bank of India	
Indonesia	Bank Indonesia	
Iran	The Central Bank of the Islamic Republic of Iran	
Iraq	Central Bank of Iraq	

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	List of Central Banks	
List is Dated as of September 25, 2023		
Ireland	Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland	
Israel	Bank of Israel	
Italy	Bank of Italy	
Jamaica	Bank of Jamaica	
Japan	Bank of Japan	
Jordan	Central Bank of Jordan	
Kazakhstan	National Bank of Kazakhstan	
Kenya	Central Bank of Kenya	
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of	Central Bank of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea	
Korea, Republic of	Bank of Korea	
Kuwait	Central Bank of Kuwait	
Kyrgyzstan	National Bank of the Kyrgyz Republic	
Lao People's Democratic Republic	Bank of Lao	
Latvia	The Bank of Latvia	
Lebanon	Central Bank of Lebanon	
Lesotho	Central Bank of Lesotho	
Liberia	Central Bank of Liberia	
Libya	Central Bank of Libya	
Liechtenstein	National Bank of Liechtenstein	
Lithuania	Bank of Lithuania	
Luxembourg	Central Bank of Luxembourg	
Macedonia	National Bank of the Republic of Macedonia	
Madagascar	Central Bank of Madagascar	
Malawi	Reserve Bank of Malawi	
Malaysia	Central Bank of Malaysia	
Maldives	Maldives Monetary Authority	
Mali	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Malta	Central Bank of Malta	
Mauritania	The Central Bank of Mauritania	
Mauritius	Bank of Mauritius	
Mexico	Bank of Mexico	
Moldova	National Bank of Moldova	
Mongolia	Bank of Mongolia	
Montenegro	Central Bank of Montenegro	
Montserrat	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	
Morocco	Bank of Morocco	
Mozambique	Bank of Mozambique	
Myanmar	Central Bank of Myanmar	
Namibia	Bank of Namibia	
Nauru	Nauru bank	
Nepal	Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB)	
Netherlands	Netherlands Bank	
New Zealand	Reserve Bank of New Zealand	

	List of Central Banks		
List is Dated as of September 25, 2023			
Nicaragua	Central Bank of Nicaragua		
Niger	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)		
Nigeria	Central Bank of Nigeria		
Norway	Central Bank of Norway		
Oman	Central Bank of Oman		
Pakistan	State Bank of Pakistan		
Papua New Guinea	Bank of Papua New Guinea		
Paraguay	Central Bank of Paraguay		
Peru	Central Reserve Bank of Peru		
Philippines	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas		
Poland	National Bank of Poland		
Portugal	Bank of Portugal		
Qatar	Qatar Central Bank		
Romania	National Bank of Romania		
Russian Federation	Central Bank of Russia		
Rwanda	National Bank of Rwanda		
Saint Kitts & Nevis	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank		
Saint Lucia	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank		
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	Eastern Caribbean Central Bank		
Samoa	Central Bank of Samoa		
San Marino	Central Bank of the Republic of San Marino		
Sao Tome and Principe	Central Bank of São Tomé and Príncipe		
Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA)		
Senegal	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)		
Serbia	National Bank of Serbia		
Seychelles	Central Bank of Seychelles		
Sierra Leone	Bank of Sierra Leone		
Singapore	Monetary Authority of Singapore		
Sint Maarten	Central Bank of Curaçao and Sint Maarten		
Slovakia	National Bank of Slovakia		
Slovenia	The Bank of Slovenia		
Solomon Islands	Central Bank of Solomon Islands		
Somalia	The Central Bank of Somalia		
South Africa	South African Reserve Bank		
Spain	Bank of Spain		
Sri Lanka	Central Bank of Sri Lanka		
Sudan	Bank of Sudan		
Suriname	Central Bank of Suriname		
Swaziland	The Central Bank of Swaziland		
Sweden	The Riksbank		
Switzerland	Swiss National Bank		
Syria	Central Bank of Syria		
Taiwan	Central Bank of the Republic of China		

List of Central Banks		
List is Dated as of September 25, 2023		
Tajikistan	National Bank of Tajikistan	
Tanzania	Bank of Tanzania	
Thailand	Bank of Thailand	
Timor-Leste	The Banking and Payments Authority of Timor-Leste	
	(to be succeeded by the Central Bank of Timor-Leste)	
Тодо	Central Bank of West African States (BCEAO)	
Tonga	National Reserve Bank of Tonga	
Trinidad and Tobago	Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago	
Tunisia	Central Bank of Tunisia	
Turkey	Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey	
Turkmenistan	The Central Bank of Turkmenistan	
Uganda	Bank of Uganda	
Ukraine	National Bank of Ukraine	
United Arab Emirates	Central Bank of United Arab Emirates	
United Kingdom	Bank of England	
United States	The Federal Reserve	
Uruguay	Central Bank of Uruguay	
Uzbekistan	Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan	
Vanuatu	Reserve Bank of Vanuatu	
Venezuela	Central Bank of Venezuela	
Vietnam	The State Bank of Vietnam	
Yemen	Central Bank of Yemen	
Zambia	Bank of Zambia	
Zimbabwe	Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe	

## <u>Annex B</u>

## **Online Resources**

Acupay System for DTC Participants and downstream correspondents to undertake all of the steps described in this notice.

www.acupaysystem.com

Acupay Italian Tax Compliance and Relief Procedures contained in Appendix B to the offering memorandum dated September 12, 2019.

Italian "White List" Countries and Lists of Supranational Entities and Central Banks (Identified by Acupay System LLC as of the 21st day of each month).

www.acupay.com/italy